# MAYOR & COUNCIL AGENDA COVER SHEET

#### **MEETING DATE:**

April 26, 2004

**CALL TO PODIUM:** 

### **RESPONSIBLE STAFF:**

Mark DePoe, Long Range Planning Director Fred Felton, Assistant City Manager

#### AGENDA ITEM:

(please check one)

5 6	Presentation	1
	Proclamation/Certificate	:
	Appointment	
	Public Hearing	:
	Historic District	1
	Consent Item	
	Ordinance	:
: :	Resolution	
	Policy Discussion	
X	Work Session Discussion Item	
7	Other:	

## **PUBLIC HEARING HISTORY:**

(Please complete this section if agenda item is a public hearing)

Introduced		
Advertised		
		- 100
	-	
Hearing Date		
Record Held Open		
Policy Discussion		

# TITLE:

Mayor and City Council and Planning Commission will Discuss School Capacity Issues in Anticipation of a Possible City Adequate Public Facilities Ordinance

# SUPPORTING BACKGROUND:

Bruce Crispell from Montgomery County Public Schools will be attending the work session and giving a power point presentation addressing the following topics:

- The new schools test under the Montgomery County 2003-2005 Annual Growth Policy
- County Bill No. 9-03 and the School Facilities Impact Tax Rates
- Current capacity calculations for schools within City limits including information concerning the number of portable classrooms at each school
- Update on any school construction projects underway or planned in the next five years for Gaithersburg area schools
- How will MCPS provide classroom capacity for the additional students if the Shady Grove Sector Plan is approved

For your review, I have attached the "Public School Facilities" portion of the Montgomery County Annual Growth Policy and Montgomery County Bill No. 9-03.

# **DESIRED OUTCOME:**

Hear presentation and provide guidance to staff.

## **Public School Facilities**

## S1 Geographic Areas

For the purposes of public school analysis and local area review of school facilities at time of subdivision, the County has been divided into 24 areas called high school clusters, as shown in Map 32. These areas coincide with the cluster boundaries used by the Montgomery County Public School system.

The groupings used are only to administer the Adequate Public Facilities Ordinance and do not in any way require action by the Board of Education in exercising its power to designate school service boundaries.

## S2 School Capacity Measures

The Planning Board must evaluate available capacity in each high school cluster and compare enrollment projected by Montgomery County Public Schools for each fiscal year with projected school capacity in 5 years. If sufficient high school capacity will not be available in any cluster, the Planning Board must determine whether an adjacent cluster will have sufficient high school capacity to cover the projected deficit.

The Planning Board must use 100% of Council-funded capacity at the high school level and 105% of Council-funded capacity at the middle and elementary school level as its measures of adequate school capacity. This capacity measure does not count relocatable classrooms in computing a school's permanent capacity.

Council-funded regular program classroom capacity is based on calculations that assign 25 students for grades 1-6, 44 students for half day kindergarten where it is currently provided, 22 students for all day kindergarten where it is currently provided, and an effective class size of 22.5 students for secondary grades.

#### S3 Grade Levels

Each cluster must be assessed separately at each of the three grade levels -- elementary, intermediate/middle, and high school.

#### S4 Determination of Adequacy

After the Council has approved the FY 2005-2010 CIP, the Planning Board must recalculate the projected school capacity at all grade levels in each high school cluster. If the Board finds that public school capacity will be inadequate at any grade level in any cluster, but the projected enrolment at that level will not exceed 110% of capacity, the Board may approve a residential subdivision in that cluster during FY 2005 if the applicant commits to pay a School Facilities Payment as provided in County law before receiving a building permit for any building in that subdivision. If projected enrollment at any grade level in that cluster will exceed 110% of capacity, the Board must not approve any residential subdivision in that cluster during FY 2005.

After the Council in 2005 has approved the amended FY 2005-2010 CIP, the Planning Board again must recalculate school capacity. If capacity at any level is projected to be inadequate, the Board must take the actions specified in the preceding paragraph in FY 2006.

#### S5 Senior Housing

If public school capacity in inadequate in any cluster, the Planning Board may nevertheless approve a subdivision in that cluster if the subdivision consists solely of multifamily housing and related facilities for elderly or handicapped persons or multifamily housing units located in the age-restricted section of a planned retirement community.

# S6 Clusters in municipalities

If public school capacity will be inadequate in any cluster that is wholly or partly located in Rockville, Gaithersburg, or Poolesville, the Planning Board may nevertheless approve residential subdivisions in that cluster unless the respective municipality restricts the approval of similar subdivisions in its part of the cluster because of inadequate school capacity.

# S7 Development District Participants

The Planning Board may require any development district for which it approves a provisional adequate public facilities approval (PAPF) to produce or contribute to infrastructure improvements needed to address inadequate school capacity.

Bill No. Concerning: Development Impact Tax -School Facilities Revised: 10-27-03 Draft No. 6 Introduced: April 8, 2003 Enacted: October 28, 2003 Executive: November 7, 2003 Effective: [[September 1, 2003]] March 1, 2004 Sunset Date: None Ch. \_26\_, Laws of Mont. Co. \_2003

# COUNTY COUNCIL FOR MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

## By: Councilmembers Perez and Andrews

#### AN ACT to:

(1) establish a development impact tax to pay for certain school facilities;

(2) phase in the application of the school impact tax;

(3) provide for certain exemptions from and credits against the school impact tax;

(4) provide for certain uses for revenues from the tax;

provide for the collection and use of a School Facilities Payment in certain circumstances; and

[[(5)]] (6) generally amend the law governing impact taxes and the funding of school facilities.

# By adding

Montgomery County Code

Chapter 52, Taxation

Article XII, Development Impact Tax for Public School Improvements

**Boldface** 

Underlining

[Single boldface brackets]

Double underlining

[[Double boldface brackets]]

Heading or defined term.

Added to existing law by original bill.

Deleted from existing law by original bill.

Added by amendment.

Deleted from existing law or the bill by amendment.

Existing law unaffected by bill.

The County Council for Montgomery County, Maryland approves the following Act:

1	Sec. 1. Chapter 52 is amended by adding the following article:	
2	Article XII. Development Impact Tax for Public School Improvements.	
3	52-87. <u>Definitions.</u>	
4	In this Article all terms defined in Section 52-47 have the same meanings, and	:
5	the following terms have the following meanings:	
6	Development impact tax for public school improvements means a tax imposed	:
7	to defray a portion of the costs associated with public school improvements that are	
8	necessary to accommodate the enrollment generated by the development.	٠.
9	Public school improvement means any capital project of the Montgomery	
10	County Public Schools that adds to the number of teaching stations in a public	
11	school.	
12	High-rise [[residential]] unit [[means]] includes any dwelling unit located in a	Ī
13	multifamily residential or mixed-use building that is taller than 4 stories, and any 1-	•
.14	bedroom garden apartment.	
15	52-88 Findings: purpose and intent.	
16	(a) The amount and rate of growth will place significant demands on the	
17	County to provide public school improvements necessary to support an	<u>ıd</u>
18	accommodate that growth.	
19	(b) The County, through its adoption of the Capital Improvements Program	n.
20	indicates its commitment to provide public school improvements.	
21	(c) The County has determined that a combination of approaches will be	
22	necessary to fully achieve the level of public school improvements	
23	needed to accommodate growth. Thus, the County proposes to fund a	
24	program of public school improvements through development impact	
25	taxes to support new growth in the County.	
26	(d) Imposing a development impact tax that requires new development to	
27	pay a share of the costs of public school improvements necessitated by	<u> </u>

28		that development in conjunction with other public funds is a reasonable
29		method of raising the funds to build improvements in a timely manner.
30	<u>(e)</u>	The development impact tax for public school improvements will fund.
31	÷	in part, the improvements necessary to increase public school capacity,
32	• .	thereby allowing development to proceed. Development impact taxes
33		authorized in this Article will be used exclusively for public school
34		improvements.
35	<u>(f)</u>	In order to assure that the necessary public school improvements are
36		constructed in a timely manner, the County intends to make sufficient
37		funds available to construct the public school improvements.
38	(g)	The County retains the power to determine the public school
39		improvements to be funded by development impact taxes; estimate the
40		cost of such improvements; establish the proper timing of construction
41		of the improvements to meet school capacity needs as identified in the
42		Annual Growth Policy; determine when changes, if any, may be
43		necessary in the County CIP; and do all things necessary and proper to
44		accomplish the purpose and intent of this Article.
45	<u>(h)</u>	The County intends to further the public purpose of assuring that
46	,	adequate public school capacity is available in support of new
47	•	development.
48	<u>(i)</u>	The County's findings are based on the adopted or approved plans,
49		planning reports, capital improvements programs identified in this
50		Article, and specific studies conducted by Montgomery County Public
51		Schools.
52	<u>(i)</u>	The County intends to impose development impact taxes for public
53		school improvements until the County has attained build-out as defined
54		by the General Plan.

55	<u>52-89.</u>	Imposition and applicability of tax.
56	<u>(a)</u>	An applicant for a building permit for a residential development must
57		pay a development impact tax for public school improvements in the
58		amount and manner provided in this Article before a building permit is
59		issued for any residential development in the County unless:
60		(1) a credit for the entire tax owed is allowed under Section 52-93; or
61	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	(2) an appeal bond is posted under Section 52-56.
62	<u>(b)</u>	Except as expressly provided in this Article, this tax must be levied.
63		collected, and administered in the same way as the tax imposed under
64		Article VII. All provisions of Article VII apply to this tax unless the
65		application of that Article would be clearly inconsistent with any
66		provision of this Article. This tax is in addition to the tax imposed
67		under Article VII, and any tax paid under this Article must not be
68		credited against any tax due under Article VII.
69	(c)	The tax under this Article must not be imposed on:
70	İ	(1) any Moderately Priced Dwelling Unit built under Chapter 25A or
71		any similar program enacted by either Gaithersburg or Rockville,
72	:	[[(2) any Productivity Housing unit, as defined in Section 25B-17(j),
73		which meets the price or rent eligibility standards for a
74		moderately priced dwelling unit under Chapter 25A:]]
.75		[[(3)]] (2) any other dwelling unit built under a government regulation
76		or binding agreement that limits for at least 15 years the price or
77		rent charged for the unit in order to make the unit affordable to
78		households earning less than [[50%]] 60% of the area median
<b>7</b> 9		income, adjusted for family size;
80		[[(4)]] (3) any Personal Living Quarters unit built under Sec. 59-A-6.15,
81	en e	which meets the price or rent eligibility standards for a

82	moderately priced dwelling unit under Chapter 25A;
83	[[(5)]] (4) any dwelling unit in an Opportunity Housing Project built
84	under Sections 56-28 through 56-32, which meets the price or
85	rent eligibility standards for a moderately priced dwelling unit
86	under Chapter 25A; and
87	[[(6)]] (5) any development located in an enterprise zone designated by
88	the State.
89	(d) The tax under this Article does not apply to:
90	(1) any reconstruction or alteration of an existing building or part of
91	a building that does not increase the number of dwelling units of
92	the building; and
93	(2) any building that replaces an existing building on the same site or
94	in the same project (as approved by the Planning Board or the
95	equivalent body in Rockville or Gaithersburg) to the extent of the
96	number of dwelling units of the previous building, if:
97	(A) construction begins within one year after demolition or
98	destruction of the previous building was substantially
99	completed; or
00	(B) the previous building is demolished or destroyed, after the
101	replacement building is built, by a date specified in a
102	phasing plan approved by the Planning Board or
103	equivalent body.
104	However, if in either case the tax that would be due on the new,
105	reconstructed, or altered building is greater than the tax that would have
106	been due on the previous building if it were taxed at the same time, the
107	applicant must pay the difference between those amounts.
08	(e) If the type of proposed development cannot be categorized under the

109		residential definitions in Section 52-47 and 52-87, the Department must
110		use the rate assigned to the type of residential development which
111	· į.	generates the most similar school enrollment characteristics.
112	<u>52-90.</u>	Tax rates.
113	<u>(a)</u>	The Countywide rates for the tax under this Article are:
114	. :	<u>Dwelling type</u> <u>Tax per dwelling unit</u>
115.		Single-family detached [[residential]] \$[[3920]] 8000
116		Single-family attached [[residential]] \$[[3220]] 6000
117	•	Multifamily [[residential]] (except high-rise) \$[[1960]] 4000
118		High-rise [[residential]] \$[[770]] 1600
119		Multifamily senior [[residential]] \$0
120	<u>(b)</u>	The tax on any single-family detached or attached dwelling unit must be
121	•	increased by \$1 for each square foot of gross floor area that exceeds
122		4500 square feet, to a maximum of 8500 square feet.
123	<u>(c)</u>	Any Productivity Housing unit, as defined in Section 25B-17(j), must
124		pay the tax at 50% of the otherwise applicable rate.
125	[ <u>[(p)</u> ]	] (d) The County Council by resolution, after a public hearing advertised
126		at least 15 days in advance, may increase or decrease the rates set in this
127	· :	Section.
128	[[(c)]	(e) The Director of Finance, after advertising and holding a public
129		hearing as required by Section 52-17(c), must adjust the tax rates set in
130		or under this Section on July 1 of each odd-numbered year by the
131		annual average increase or decrease in the Consumer Price Index for all
132		urban consumers in the Washington-Baltimore metropolitan area, or any
133		successor index, for the two most recent calendar years. The Director
134		must calculate the adjustment to the nearest multiple of one dollar. The

135		Director must publish the amount of this adjustment not later than May
136		1 of each odd numbered year.
137	<u>52-91.</u>	Accounting; use of funds.
138	<u>(a)</u>	The Department of Finance must maintain and keep adequate financial
139		records that:
140		(1) show the source and disbursement of all revenues under this
141		Article:
142		(2) account for all funds received; and
143		(3) assure that the funds are used exclusively for the public school
144		improvements listed in subsection (d).
145	<u>(b)</u>	Interest earned on revenues under this Article must be used solely for
146		public school improvements.
147	<u>(c)</u>	The Department of Finance must annually issue a statement for this
18		account.
149	<u>(d)</u>	Revenues raised under this Article may be used to fund any:
150		(1) new public elementary or secondary school;
151		(2) addition to an existing public elementary or secondary school that
152		adds one or more teaching stations; or
153		(3) modernization of an existing public elementary or secondary
154	: : :	school to the extent that the modernization adds one or more
155		teaching stations.
156	<u>52-92.</u>	Refunds.
157	<u>(a)</u>	Except as provided in this Section, Section 52-54 applies to any petition
158		for a refund of taxes paid under this Article. Subsections 52-54(a)(1)
159	:	and (d) do not apply to taxes paid under this Article.
160	<u>(b)</u>	Any person who has paid a tax under this Article may apply for a refund
.61	: :	of the tax if the County has not appropriated the funds for public school

62		improvements of the types listed in Section 32-91(d) by the end of the
163	•	sixth fiscal year after the tax is collected.
164	<u>(c)</u>	The Director of Permitting Services must investigate each claim and
165		hold a hearing at the request of the petitioner. Within 3 months after
166		receiving a petition for refund, the Director must provide the petitioner,
167		in writing, with a decision on the refund request. The Director must
168		specify the reasons for the decision, including, if a refund is claimed
169		under subsection (b), a determination of whether funds collected from
170		the petitioner, calculated on a first-in-first-out basis, have been
171		appropriated or otherwise formally designated for public school
172		improvements of the types listed in Section 52-91(d) within 6 fiscal
173		years.
174	<u>52-93</u>	Credits.
175	<u>(a)</u>	Section 52-55 does not apply to the tax under this Article. A property
176		owner must receive a credit for constructing or contributing to an
177		improvement of the type listed in Section 52-91(d), including costs of
178		site preparation. A credit must not be allowed for the cost of any land
179		dedicated for school use, including any land on which the property
180		owner constructs a school.
181	<u>(b)</u>	If the property owner elects to make a qualified improvement, the owner
182		must enter into an agreement with the Director of Permitting Services,
183	:	or receive a development approval based on making the improvement,
184		before any building permit is issued. The agreement or development
185		approval must contain:
186		(1) the estimated cost of the improvement, if known then,
187		(2) the dates or triggering actions to start and, if known then, finish
188		the improvement,

189	(3) a requirement that the property owner complete the improvement
190	according to Montgomery County Public Schools standards, and
191	(4) such other terms and conditions as MCPS finds necessary.
192 <u>(c)</u>	MCPS must:
193	(1) review the improvement plan,
194	(2) verify costs and time schedules,
195	(3) determine whether the improvement is a public school
196	improvement of the type listed in Section 52-91(d),
197	(4) determine the amount of the credit for the improvement, and
198	(5) certify the amount of the credit to the Department of Permitting
199	Services before that Department or a municipality issues any
200	building permit.
201 <u>(d)</u>	An applicant for subdivision, site plan, or other development approval
)2	from the County, Gaithersburg, or Rockville, or the owner of property
203	subject to an approved subdivision plan, development plan, or similar
204	development approval, may seek a declaration of allowable credits from
205	MCPS. MCPS must decide, within 30 days after receiving all necessary
206	materials from the applicant, whether any public school improvement
207	which the applicant has constructed, contributed to, or intends to
208	construct or contribute to, will receive a credit under this subsection. If
209	during the initial 30-day period after receiving all necessary materials,
210	MCPS notifies the applicant that it needs more time to review the
211	proposed improvement, MCPS may defer its decision an additional 15
212	days. If MCPS indicates under this paragraph that a specific
213	improvement is eligible to receive a credit, the Director of Permitting
214	Services must allow a credit for that improvement. If MCPS cannot or

215		chooses not to perform any function under this subsection or subsection
216		(c), the Department of Permitting Services must perform that function.
217	<u>(e)</u>	The Director of Finance must not provide a refund for a credit which is
218		greater than the applicable tax. [[If, however, the amount of the credit
219		exceeds the amount of the tax due, the property owner may apply the
220		excess credit toward any tax imposed under this Article on any other
221		building permit for development with the same ownership. In this
222		Section, a property has the same ownership as another property if the
223		same legal entity owns at least 30% of the equity in both properties.]]
224	<u>(f)</u>	Any credit issued under this Section expires 6 years after the Director
225		certifies the credit.
226	<u>52-94.</u>	School Facilities Payment.
227	<u>(a)</u>	In addition to the tax due under this Article, an applicant for a building
228		permit for any building on which a tax is imposed under this Article
229		must pay to the Department of Finance a School Facilities Payment if
230		that building was included in a preliminary plan of subdivision that was
231		approved under the School Facilities Payment provisions in the Annual
232	. *	Growth Policy.
233	<u>(b)</u>	The amount of the Payment for each building must be calculated by
234		multiplying the Payment rate by the latest per-unit student yield ratio for
235	; ;	that level of school and for that type of dwelling unit and geographic
236		area issued by MCPS.
237	(c)	The Payment rate is \$12,500 per student, unless modified by Council
238		resolution. The Council by resolution, after a public hearing advertised
239		at least 15 days in advance, may increase or decrease the Payment rate
240		or set different rates for different types of housing unit.
241	<u>(d)</u>	The Payment must be paid at the same time and in the same manner as

242		the tax	under this Article, and is subject to all provisions of this Article
<b>243</b>		for adr	ninistering and collecting the tax.
244	<u>(e)</u>	The D	epartment of Finance must retain funds collected under this
245		Sectio	n in an account to be appropriated for MCPS capital
246		impro	vements that result in added student capacity for the school
247		cluster	, or, if no cluster is established, another geographic administrative
248		area, y	where the development for which the funds were paid is located.
249	<u>Sec.</u> 2	L. Effe	ctive Date; Transition.
250	<u>(a)</u>	This A	act takes effect on [[September]] March 1, [[2003]] 2004, and the
251		<u>develo</u>	pment impact tax for public school improvements imposed under
<b>252</b>		Sectio	n 52-89, added by Section 1 of this Act, applies to any building
253		for wh	nich an application for a building permit is filed on or after that
254		date.	
55	[ <u>(b)</u>	Each t	axpayer must pay the development impact tax for public school
256		impro	vements at:
257	. ! !	<u>(1)</u>	50% of the rates set in Section 52-90, as inserted by Section 1 of
258			this Act, for any building permit application filed between
259	:		September 1, 2003 and December 31, 2003;
260		<u>(2)</u>	75% of the rates set in Section 52-90 for any building permit
261			application filed between January 1, 2004, and June 30, 2004;
262	·	٠	and
263		<u>(3)</u>	100% of the rates set in Section 52-90 for any building permit
264			application filed on or after July 1, 2004.
265		To the	extent that any taxpayer pays a lower rate than that set in Section
266	: : : :	<u>52-90</u>	because this subsection applies, any credit claimed under Section
267		<u>52-93</u>	must be reduced by the same ratio.]]

268	(b) The development impact tax for public school improvements does not
269	apply to any residential building located in a Metro Station Policy Area
270	or Town Center Policy Area if:
271	(1) a site plan which includes that building was approved by vote of
272	the County Planning Board, or the equivalent body in any
273	municipality, before May 1, 2003; and
274	(2) (A) a building permit is issued for that building before
275	September 1, 2006; or
276	(B) if the building is part of a mixed use project, a building
277	permit is issued for any building or structure in that project
278	before March 1, 2005.
279	Approved:
280	N. chall S.b. 10/30/03
•	Michael L. Subin, President, County Council Date
281	Approved:
282	De 11/2/03
	Douglas M. Duncan, County Executive Date
283	This is a correct copy of Council action.
284	Mary D. Edgar 11/17/03
	Mary M. Edgar, CMC, Clerk of the Council Date